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SOURCE Newspapers as indicated.

LISTS BULGARIAN POWER PLANTS

NEW PLANTS PUT INTO OPERATION IN 1951 -- Sofia, Narodna, Mladezh, 4 Sep 51

Up to 9 September 1944 there were about 120 steam, hydroelectric, and diesel power plants in Bulgaria with a small capacity.

After 9 September 1944, the construction of electric power plants was greatly intensified. The following plants were constructed: the "Pleven" Diesel Electric Power Plant, the "Koynare" Hydroelectric Power Plant, the "Kalin" Hydroelectric Power Plant, the "Falkovets" Micro Hydroelectric Power Plant, the "Madzhur" Micro Hydroelectric Power Plant, and the "Khubcha" Micro Hydroelectric Power Plant. Before 1950, the construction of the "Stalin" Steam Heat and Electric Power Plant was begun and additional boilers for the "Kurilo" and the "V. Kolarov" steam heat and electric power plants were delivered.

During the first half of 1951, the following hydroelectric power plants were put into operation: "Ticha," "Asenitsa," "Tuzha," "Vidima," and "Petrovo." During the second half of 1951, additional units of the "Stalin" and "Dimitrovo" steam heat and electric power plants began operation. The capacity of the "Stalin" Plant is 100 million kilowatt-hours per year. The high-tension power lines Kurilo - Plovdiv and Kurilo - Mezhdra - Cherven Bryag - Pleven were also completed during the second half of 1951.

Between 9 September 1944 and the middle of 1951, the country's electric power was increased 39 percent. On 9 September 1951, the "Republika" Steam Heat and Electric Power Plant will start operating and eventually will produce 500,000 kilowatt-hours of power.

The "Republika" Plant will have a generating capacity of 25,000 kilowatts with the first unit of turbines. When the second unit is put into operation, the plant will have a capacity of 50,000 kilowatts. The following steam heat and electric power plants will also be completed: the "Maritsa 3" [now "Vulko Chervenkov"] at Dimitrovgrad and the "Vasil Kolarov."

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The following hydroelectric power plants are nearing completion: the "Razlog," "Beli Iskur," "Asenitsa 2," "Kitka" and a section of the "Vucha" Plant. The total capacity of the power plants operating in the country [in 1951?] will be increased 110 percent, compared to 1944.

The production of electric power [in 1951?], compared to 1939, will be increased 505 percent, and compared to 1944, 433 percent.

Bulgarski Pressed, New York, Oct 51

According to official Bulgarian statistical data, Mesechni Statisticheski Izvestiya (Monthly Statistical Data), 1946, No 12, p 320, in 1939, 127 electric power plants were in operation in Bulgaria, with the following capacity: for direct current, 1,163 kilowatts, and for alternating current, 136,847 kilowatt [kilovolt?]-amperes. During 1939, 267.7 million kilowatt-hours of electric power were produced.

In 1944, 108 electric power plants were in operation in Bulgaria with the following capacity: for direct current, 1,120 kilowatts, and for alternating current, 162,454 kilowatt [kilovolt?]-amperes. During 1944, 310.7 million kilowatt-hours of electric power were produced.

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